

Alliant Retirement Services Group Employee Benefit Plan Audits: Are You Ready? Presented By: John Cunningham Senior Vice President, Alliant Retirement Services

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Agenda

- Anticipated Increased Enforcement
- Benefit Plan Audits
- Retirement Plan Audits





Anticipated Increased Enforcement

- Will audits really increase, or is this just a scare tactic?
 - An increase in Federal Department of Labor (DOL) audits is expected as ACA implementation continues
 - Audits ensure compliance with the rules and serve as a revenue source
 - Even if the risk is low, the potential ramifications are significant, so preparation is essential





Types of Audits

- State Department of Labor
 - Focuses on labor practices, compensation, and employee classifications
- Federal Department of Labor
 - The Federal DOL has jurisdiction over ERISA law, governing employee benefit plans





Audit Process: Employee Benefits

- What kind of employee benefit plans are most commonly audited?
 - Generally focus is on plans with more than 100 participants
 - Plans with participant complaints, regardless of size





Audit Process: Employee Benefits

- DOL examines compliance with the following provisions of ERISA:
 - Reporting/disclosure
 - COBRA
 - HIPAA
 - Newborns' and Mothers' Health Protection Act
 - Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act
 - Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act
 - Affordable Care Act
- Most information requests will be addressed by a handful of key documents or sets of documents already in your files or available from your Employee Benefits broker





Audit Process: Employee Benefits

- ERISA requires plans to maintain documents for a minimum of six years after the 5500 due date, best practice is eight years
- Organizations adopt governing documents in many different ways sometimes not at all. Establish a process.





- What types of plans are most likely to be audited?
 - 401(a) plans
 - 403(b) plans as covered by ERISA
 - 401(k) plans
 - Defined Benefit (pension) plans





- Understanding the role of a Fiduciary
 - A Fiduciary is someone who is managing the assets of another person and stands in a special relationship of trust, confidence, and/or legal responsibility.
 - Trustees, investment committee members, and plan sponsors hold all fiduciary responsibilities unless those have been delegated to other parties
- Know who is a Fiduciary
 - Plan Sponsors, committee members, trustees
 - Investment Advisors
 - Investment Managers





- Learn About Your Role
 - Consider Fiduciary training to understand roles and responsibilities.
- Document Everything
 - With regard to oversight of retirement plans, it all comes down to processes, not outcomes. Adopt sound processes and follow them consistently.
 - Maintain minutes of investment reviews as documentation that appropriate oversight is occurring.





- Should I use an Investment Policy Statement?
 - An Investment Policy Statement (IPS) is considered to be a document governing the Plan.
 - Failure to follow the IPS is a fiduciary breach.
 - The key is how the IPS is drafted. Make sure it is a guide and does not lock in fiduciaries.
 - Be sure that you are prepared to follow anything that is included in the IPS.





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